

form comprising α -lipoic sustained release (derivatives) is described and is characterized in that it consists of (a) at least one cationogenic polymer, (b) α -lipoic acid (derivative) and (c) at least one acid different from (b). It has surprisingly been found in this connection that, besides controlled release of active ingredient over more than 8 hours and prolonged GI transit time, there is also faster penetration of the active ingredient. Completely unexpectedly, the sustained release form of invention is additionally associated with an increased bioavailability of α -lipoic acid and derivatives thereof.